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| APPLICATION NO          | . F                   | ILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.     | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| 09/197,767              | 09/197,767 11/23/1998 |            | HISASHI OHTANI       | 0756-1896               | 1677             |
| 31780                   | 7590                  | 12/15/2004 |                      | EXAMINER                |                  |
| ERIC RO                 | BINSON                |            | CAO, PHAT X          |                         |                  |
| PMB 955<br>21010 SOU    | JTHBANK               | ST.        |                      | ART UNIT                | PAPER NUMBER     |
| POTOMAC FALLS, VA 20165 |                       |            |                      | 2814                    |                  |
|                         |                       |            |                      | DATE MAILED: 12/15/2004 |                  |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

|   |  |   |  | 160              |  |  |  |
|---|--|---|--|------------------|--|--|--|
|   |  | Application No.   | Applicant(s)   |                  |  |  |  |
|   | Advisory Action  | 09/197,767  | OHTANI ET AL.  |                  |  |  |  |
|   | •  | Examiner  | Art Unit   | -                |  |  |  |
|   | •  | Phat X. Cao   | 2814   |                  |  |  |  |
|   | The MAILING DATE of this communication appe  | ears on the cover sheet with the c  | orrespondence address  |                  |  |  |  |
| Therefore,<br>final reject<br>condition f   | LY FILED 17 November 2004 FAILS TO PLAGE further action by the applicant is required to a sion under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (or allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appe on (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.   | avoid abandonment of this application (1) a timely filed amendment whi  | cation. A proper reply to a ch places the application in   | 1                |  |  |  |
|   | PERIOD FOR RE  | EPLY [check either a) or b)]  |  |                  |  |  |  |
| · —   | ne period for reply expires $\underline{4}$ months from the mailing date o   | •   |  |                  |  |  |  |
| ev<br>O<br>70<br>Extensio<br>have been file | ne period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advent, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the NLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 16.07(f).  In sof time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date dis the date for purposes of determining the period of extending the per | an SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE ate on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 sion and the corresponding amount of the | f the final rejection. E FINAL REJECTION. See MPEF 136(a) and the appropriate extension fee. The appropriate extension fee | n fee<br>e under |  |  |  |
| (b) above, if c                             | a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened hecked. Any reply received by the Office later than three most term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).   |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
|   | otice of Appeal was filed on Appellant<br>CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CF  |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
| 2. The                                      | proposed amendment(s) will not be entered by   | ecause:   |  |                  |  |  |  |
| (a) 🗌                                       | they raise new issues that would require furth   | er consideration and/or search (  | see NOTE below);   |                  |  |  |  |
| (b) 🗌                                       | they raise the issue of new matter (see Note   | below);   |  |                  |  |  |  |
| (c) 🗌                                       | they are not deemed to place the application issues for appeal; and/or   | in better form for appeal by mat  | erially reducing or simplify   | ing the          |  |  |  |
| (d) 🗌                                       | they present additional claims without cance   | ling a corresponding number of  | finally rejected claims.   |                  |  |  |  |
|   | NOTE:  |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
|   | licant's reply has overcome the following reject   |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
|   | yly proposed or amended claim(s) would celing the non-allowable claim(s).  | d be allowable if submitted in a s  | separate, timely filed amen  | dment            |  |  |  |
|   | a) $\square$ affidavit, b) $\square$ exhibit, or c) $\boxtimes$ request folication in condition for allowance because: <u>see</u>  |   | sidered but does NOT plac  | e the            |  |  |  |
|   | affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered be ed by the Examiner in the final rejection.  | cause it is not directed SOLELY   | to issues which were newl  | у                |  |  |  |
|   | purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendmen lanation of how the new or amended claims w  |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
| The   | status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows  |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
| Cla   | im(s) allowed:   |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
| Cla   | im(s) objected to:   |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
| Cla   | Claim(s) rejected: of record.  |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
| Cla   | Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:   |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
| 8. The                                      | drawing correction filed on is a) app  | proved or b) disapproved by   | the Examiner.  |                  |  |  |  |
| _   | e the attached Information Disclosure Stateme  |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
| 10. Oth                                     | er:  |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
|   |  |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
|   | •  |   |  |                  |  |  |  |
|   |  |   |  |                  |  |  |  |

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## ADVISORY ACTION

1. Applicant argues that even though Izumi teaches that a pixel electrode may be a transparent electrically conductive film or a reflective electrically conductive film, it would not be obvious to change Liu's device from a transmissive type LCD to a reflective type LCD by replacing Liu's transparent pixel electrode with the reflective pixel electrode as suggested by Izumi.

This argument is not persuasive because of the following reasons:

Izumi. Izumi does <u>not</u> suggest that a transparent electrically conductive film or a reflective electrically conductive film can be used in any device as asserted by Applicant, but rather, Izumi clearly suggests that the pixel electrode itself can be made of either a transparent electrically conductive film or a reflective electrically conductive film depending upon the display device type which is desired for the liquid crystal display device (column 6, lines 15-20). In the other words, Izumi does <u>not</u> teach that a reflective pixel electrode made of a <u>reflective</u> conductive film is used for a <u>transmission</u> type display device as asserted by Applicant, but rather, Izumi <u>clearly</u> teaches that a transparent pixel electrode made of transparent conductive film is used for a transmission type display device and reflective pixel electrode made of reflective conductive film is used for a transmission type display device and reflective pixel electrode made of reflective conductive film is used for a reflective type display device. Therefore, from the teaching of Izumi, one skilled in the art would not apply the reflective pixel electrode into the

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transmission type display device of Fukunaga as asserted by Applicant because it does not make any senses. In contrary, one skilled in the art would apply transparent pixel electrode into the transmission type display device, and apply the reflective pixel electrode to the reflective display device, as taught by Izumi. In the other words, applying either transparent material or reflective material for pixel electrode structure disclosed by Fukunaga would be obvious because it is an intended use depending upon the type of the display device desired for the display. Thus, using reflective pixel electrode for reflective type display device and using transparent pixel electrode for transmission type display device is a reasonable expectation of success;

second, the examiner recognizes that the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art.

See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981). In this case, because Izumi clearly teaches that a transparent pixel electrode made of transparent conductive film is used for a transmission type display device and a reflective pixel electrode made of reflective conductive film is used for a reflective type display device, applying the pixel electrode structure suggested from the combination of Fukunaga and Liu into the reflective type display device or transmission type display device would be obvious because it would depend on the conductive material, which is used for the pixel electrode;

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and third, Applicant fails to provide the reasons to support that why the pixel electrode structure as claimed is only critical to apply into the reflective type display device, but not the transmission type display device.

2. Regarding independent claims 3, 4, 49 and 50, Applicant argues that Sato fails to disclose "an embedded conductive layer filled in the contact holes" because Sato does not suggest that the surface of embedded conductive layer is flush with the top surface of the insulating film and an embedded conductive layer and a pixel electrode are formed in different steps.

This argument is not persuasive because it appears that the features of having the surface of embedded conductive layer flush with the top surface of the insulating film and having an embedded conductive layer and a pixel electrode formed in different steps are not required by the claimed language. Therefore, Sato's Fig. 2 does suggest the invention as claimed. Specifically, Sato clearly discloses an embedded conductive layer filled in the contact hole (corresponding to the portion of the conductive film formed in through hole 171), and a pixel electrode formed on the third interlayer insulating film (corresponding to the portion of electrode 181 formed on the third interlayer insulating film 170). It is also noted that these claims are directed to the product, no matter how it is actually made, and the patentability of the final product must be determined, not the patentability of the process, which in any case have not been presented in "product by process" claims.

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3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phat X. Cao whose telephone number is (571) 272-1703. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wael Fahmy can be reached on (571) 272-1705. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

PC

December 13, 2004

PHAT X. CAO